2003 ANNUAL REPORT PEND OREILLE COUNTY DISTRICT COURT

JUDGE PHILIP J. VAN DE VEER



Seated from left: Scott Cornwell (probation director); Claudia Krogh (District Court clerk); Maudelle Carlson (assistant clerk); T.J. Keogh (probation, criminal clerk); standing: Tammy Scribner (civil clerk); Judge Philip Van de Veer; Polina Robinson (assistant clerk).

The 2003 caseload of the Pend Oreille County District Court is highlighted below:

CRIMINAL FILINGS	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
DUI & PHYSICAL CONTROL	165	122	129	147	161	160	111	91	91
OTHER TRAFFIC	442	433	272	234	372	180	238	203	203
OTHER MISDEMEANORS	543	523	473	432	476	414	380	354	341
FELONY COMPLAINTS	1	9	6	15	15	6	6	2	5
FELONY IN-CUSTODY HEARINGS					82	52	69	71	63
TOTAL CRIMINAL FILINGS	1151	1078	880	828	1106	812	804	721	679
CIVIL	179	192	178	135	164	193	196	187	189
SMALL CLAIMS	76	95	49	49	59	81	49	62	56
TRAFFIC INFRACTIONS	2140	1830	1658	1550	2107	1569	2034	1615	1472
NON-TRAFFIC INFRACTIONS	8	5	7	9	35	183	93	65	125
PARKING INFRACTIONS	104	315	14	8	14	8	2	4	2
TOTAL CIVIL/CRIMINAL	3658	3524	2786	2579	3485	2846	3178	2554	2523

<u>Other Traffic Offenses</u> include negligent/reckless driving, hit & run, driving suspended. <u>Other Misdemeanors</u> include assault (domestic violence), resisting arrest, obstruction, disorderly conduct, trespass, malicious mischief, theft, possession marijuana/paraphernalia, violation of a no-contact order, animal cruelty, fish and game violations.

In addition to handling civil and criminal cases, the District Court judge also hears the majority of search warrant requests, including felony warrants. Criminal case filings have dropped over the last five years from 1106 filings in 1999 to 679 filings in 2003. There are several reasons. First, driving suspended charges constitute a large percentage of district court

filings. Driving suspended filings remain low as a result of the license restoration program which started in 1999. Second, active pretrial release and probation monitoring has improved compliance by criminal defendants and resulted in fewer subsequent offenses. Finally, city and county law enforcement has operated with reduced staff over the last two years resulting in fewer arrests.

PROBATION

Scott Cornwell took over as Probation Director in 2003. Mr. Cornwell is a graduate of Eastern Washington University with a degree in criminal justice. Mr. Cornwell served in the U.S. Army infantry from 1991-1995 including a tour with the multinational force of observers in the Sinai between Israel and Egypt.

During 2003, the Court conducted 188 mandatory compliance review hearings to monitor initial compliance by probationers ordered to undertake drug, alcohol or perpetrator treatment as a result of a criminal conviction or deferred prosecution. The goal of compliance review is to compel prompt treatment thus avoiding subsequent criminal offenses and probation violations.

One hundred and five probationers complied with evaluation and treatment requirements during 2002 and continue on probation. Twenty-seven defendants made progress in treatment, but the Court set a further compliance review to monitor and verify full compliance. Thirty-one defendants failed to demonstrate compliance and were taken into custody for violation of conditions of probation. A warrant issued after twenty-five defendants failed to appear. Overall, the District Court probation department supervised 471 individuals.

	2001	2002	2003
Individuals On District Court Probation		440	471
MandatoryCompliance Review Hearings	146	173	188
Probationers In Compliance	96	109	105
Reset Hearing to Monitor Further Improvement	35	25	27
Probationer Not In Compliance	9	20	31
Warrant Issued	6	19	25

ALCOHOL & DRUG TESTING

Thirty-five criminal defendants with significant prior alcohol related convictions or problems were required to test for alcohol several times per day as a condition of release pending trial to compel compliance with a no drugs or alcohol requirement. Defendants are given a choice of installing a telephonic in-home photo-bat machine or personally reporting several times per day to probation or the jail for alcohol/drug testing. A positive test results in immediate revocation of conditions of release.

Twenty-three defendants successfully remained alcohol/drug free during the monitoring process. This is impressive considering that many presented a significant history of alcohol-related convictions and problems. Twelve defendants tested positive for alcohol or drugs and were taken into custody until trial.

The continued result of the daily testing programs is enhanced public safety and reduced costs of incarceration. For the year 2002, the program resulted in savings in the cost of incarceration of \$27,540 for the City of Newport and \$104,805 for Pend Oreille County (figuring \$45 per day incarceration costs avoided).